Annual Report

2019



FRIDTJOF NANSENS INSTITUTT FRIDTJOF NANSEN INSTITUTE

ACADEMIC PROFILE AND MAIN OBJECTIVES

The objective of the FNI is to understand the underlying forces in international environmental and resource politics, and on that basis make well-founded contributions to political solutions of problems in these areas. The institute also works to promote greater awareness of how Norway is influenced by, and may exert influence on, international framework conditions in these areas.

The institute undertakes academic studies, applied research projects, investigations and evaluations. FNI research is expected to maintain a high level of scholarship and contribute to further scientific development through international publication and other means. The institute also strives to be user-friendly and deliver results of practical relevance. The balance between these concerns is complex and is not necessarily reflected in each single project or publication. For the institute as a whole, however, both elements are important.

FOCAL AREAS AND RESEARCH PORTFOLIO

In 2019, FNI research activities were grouped in the following seven focal areas:

- Global environmental governance and law
- Climate change
- Law of the Sea and marine affairs
- Biodiversity and genetic resources
- Polar and Russian politics
- · European energy and environmental politics
- Chinese energy and environmental politics

The project portfolio consisted of a total of 60 large and small research and evaluation projects. 23 new externallyfinanced projects started up in 2018, including four multiyear projects financed by the Research Council of Norway.

FINANCING AND ECONOMY

The Research Council of Norway (RCN) was FNI's main source of revenue in 2019, financing 29 of the institute's ongoing projects. These projects, won in competition with other research centres, have been awarded from various RCN programmes, which in turn have received their funding from a range of government ministries and other sources.

The institute also receives an annual basic grant from the RCN. This funding is to be used to 'ensure a long-term basis for professional research quality and results within the institute's key activities'. The grant of NOK 8.371 million in 2019 was used for preparation of manuscripts for peer-reviewed publication, project initiation, strategic expertise-building projects and dissemination activities.

Government ministries, businesses, private foundations and the EU and other international institutions were also among the FNI's sources of funding.

Liquidity remained satisfactory throughout the year 2019.

PERSONNEL

22 researcher work-years were carried out at the FNI in 2019. As of 31 December 2019 the institute had a research staff of 30, including 13in part-time positions. At the same time, the institute's administrative staff consisted of five persons who in total carried out five work-years altogether.

The FNI has continued its active recruitment of Master's degree students. In the course of 2019, eight students were associated with the institute for longer or shorter periods. In all, 48 people were associated with the institute during the year, on a full-time or part-time basis or on student scholarships.

As of the end of 2019 the FNI had 13 staff members qualified as Researcher I (Professor), while 13 qualified as Researcher II (Associate Professor) in the Norwegian system. Of these 26, 19 hold doctoral degrees. A doctorate automatically results in promotion to Researcher II; the other seven have had their qualifications recognized by external evaluation committees.

The FNI has maintained its focus on doctoral-level research, and in September Andreas Østhagen received his PhD in international politics. At the end of the year, a further two members of the research staff were working actively on PhD projects. In addition to ensuring important individual qualification, doctoral projects are a major element in our long-term strategy for building expertise.

Four FNI researchers had additional part-time university employment, at the University of Tromsø, Nord University and the University of Oslo, while seven researchers from the University of Oslo, Nord University, the University of Southeast Norway and Molde University College had parttime employment with the FNI. Five guest researchers, from Ireland, Denmark, Canada and the University of Tromsø, stayed at FNI during the year, for three months or more.

ACADEMIC AND POPULAR SCIENCE PRODUCTION

2019 was again a good year with regard to scientific publication. Five monographies, 24 peer-reviewed scientific articles and 9 peer-reviewed chapters in scientific books were published.

Under the annual Prospect Think Tank Awards in London in July, FNI was chosen, for the third year in row, as Europe's best think tank, this year in the expanded category of energy, environment, science and health.

RESEARCH COOPERATION

A central element in developing the professional activities of the FNI has been expansion of collaboration with other research institutions and individual researchers, in Norway and elsewhere, to supplement the institute's own expertise.

In 2019 the FNI had formalized cooperation with a range of Norwegian institutions. These include the Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI), the Universities of Oslo and Tromsø, Nord University, the Norwegian University of Life Sciences (NMBU), OsloMet, CICERO – Centre for International Climate and Environmental Research, the Centre for Development and the Environment (SUM), NOFIMA, Thema Consulting Group, Statistics Norway, the Norwegian Institute for Water Research (NIVA), the Norwegian Institute for Nature Research (NINA) and the Norwegian Institute of Marine Research.

In 2019 the FNI was also involved in various multinational research projects. Partners included the South Asia Watch on Trade, Economics and Environment (SAWTEE, Nepal), The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI, India), Yerevan State University (Armenia), Wageningen University (the Netherlands), University of Leicester (UK), University of New South Wales (Australia), the Autonomous University of Madrid Foundation (Spain), The George Washington University (USA), Tsinghua University (China), Peking University, Aarhus University (Denmark), the French National Research Institute for Agriculture, Food and Environment (INRAE), Yale University (USA) and the University of California, Berkeley (USA). In addition, the FNI works together with foreign researchers on an individual basis.

INSTITUTE LEADERSHIP TEAM

A new management structure was implemented from 1 January, with a leadership group consisting of the Director, three Research Group Directors (one of them also to be chosen as Assistant Director) and the Head of Administration. Lars H. Gulbrandsen, Kristin Rosendal and Pål Wilter Skedsmo became Research Group Directors, with Gulbrandsen also becoming Assistant Director. Geir Hønneland stepped down as Director on 1 September, with Gulbrandsen serving as Acting Director until a new Director, Iver B. Neumann, took over on 1 December. Claes Lykke Ragner remained Head of Administration throughout the year.

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY, WORKING ENVIRONMENT, SICK LEAVE

Of the 48 persons affiliated with the institute in 201, 30 were men and 18 were women. The FNI does not have specific policies for employing women, but, viewed over a period of several years, recruitment has been gender-balanced, also on the different competence levels.

Sick leave in 2019 stood at 3.1%.

In the assessment of the Board, the FNI enjoys a good social and physical working environment.

FNI activities have little direct impact on the external environment. We strive to reduce paper consumption through the use of electronic media; paper, plastics and food waste are sorted and delivered for recycling.

MANAGEMENT OF THE POLHØGDA PROPERTY

Due to the large and costly upgrades that were made in 2018 (the instalment of a geothermal heat pump, upgrading of the caretaker's house and the replacement of parts of the electrical system), 2019 was a quiet year as far as major upgrades are concerned.

A professional assessment of the state of Erik Werenskiold's wall paintings in the Dining Room was carried out in February. No critical problems were uncovered, but several issues that FNI should follow up in due time, were pointed out. Some of these were followed up already in 2019, while the rest will be sough followed-up in 2020.

WORK OF THE BOARD AND THE COUNCIL

One Council meeting was held in 2019, and there were five meetings of the Board.

Lysaker, 28 April 2020

(signed by all Board members and the Director)



MEMBERS OF FNI'S BOARD AND COUNCIL following the 2019 Annual Meeting

BOARD

Øyvind Østerud (Leader) Dag Harald Claes (Deputy Leader) Anne Louise Koefoed Ann Therese Lotherington Christian Fredrik Michelet Karoline Hægstad Flåm, (staff representative)



COUNCIL

Sverre Lodgaard (Leader) Kate Hansen Bundt (Deputy Leader) Nils Bøhmer Sverre Diesen Rasmus Hansson Anne Lene W. Hojem Kjetil Høyer Ingvild Jakobsen Frode Mellemvik Ole Arve Misund Helene Sjursen John-Mikal Størdal Anne Sverdrup-Thygeson Geir Ulfstein Kåre Willoch Julie Wilhelmsen Karoline Hægstad Flåm (staff representative)

ANNUAL ACCOUNTS 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

	Accounts 2019 (NOK)	Note	Accounts 2019 (NOK)
Operating income			
Norw. Research Council, incl. basic grant	31 536 731		30 579 172
Norwegian govt. & public institutions	1 718 015		2 849 437
Other research income	4 543 412	1	4 715 905
Other operating income	164 704	2	224 783
Sum operating income	37 962 862		38 369 296
Operating costs			
Transfers to cooperation partners	3 936 459		3 454 576
Salaries and personnel costs	27 209 456	3,4	26 843 638
Ordinary depreciations	309 473	5	299 228
Other operating costs	4 542 814	4,6	4 737 154
Sum operating costs	35 998 203		35 334 596
Result excluding financial income	1 964 659		3 034 701
Net financial income	212 034		220 238
Ordinary pre-tax result	2 176 693		3 254 939
Tax on ordinary result	23 140	7	55 675
Result	2 153 553		3 199 264
Transfer to capital:	2 1 5 3 5 5 3		3 199 264
Sum transfer of result	2 153 553		3 199 264

BALANCE SHEET, 31 DECEMBER

	Accounts		Accounts
	2019		2018
Assets	(NOK)	Note	(NOK)
Fixed assets			
Real estate: Polhøgda	3 392 450	5	3 470 684
New building	5 982 142	5	6 207 237
Office equipment, machinery	35 595	5	5 542
Sum fixed assets	9 410 188		9 683 463
Liquid assets			
Trade accounts receivable	4 277 707		3 727 097
Other accounts receivable	2 623 639	8	1 423 552
Bank deposits, cash etc.	14 468 332	9	18 230 336
Sum liquid assets	21 319 679		23 380 986
Sum assets	30 729 867		33 064 449
Capital and Debts			
<u>Capital</u>			
Basis fund	890 000	10	890 000
Accumulated capital	17 315 840	10	15 162 287
Sum capital	18 205 840		16 052 287
Allocation for future obligations			
Pension obligations	2 000 000	3,11	2 250 000
Sum allocation for future obligations	2 000 000		2 250 000
Short term debt			
Accounts payable	801 973	_	1 148 267
Payable tax	23 140	7	55 675
Taxes and assessments	2 048 162		2 511 954
Other short term debt	7 650 752	8	11 046 266
Sum short term debt	10 524 027		14 762 162
Sum debt	12 524 027		17 012 162
Sum debt	12 524 027		17 012 162
Sum capital and debt	30 729 867		33 064 449

Lysaker 28 April 2020

(signed by all Board members and the Director)

NOTES

ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with Norway's Accounting Act and with recognized good accountancy practices for small enterprises.

Received allocations are entered into the accounts as income in accordance with the progress of the project in question, with each project considered separately. The sale of services to private businesses is registered as income upon delivery.

Liquid assets and short-term debts normally include items that are due for payment within one year after the date of balance, as well as items related to the operating cycle. Liquid assets are assessed at procurement cost or estimated real value, whichever is lower Short-term debt is balanced at its nominal value at the time of establishment.

Possessions intended for permanent ownership and use are classified as fixed assets and are assessed at procurement cost. Fixed assets are entered into the balance sheet and are depreciated over their economic lifespan. Fixed assets are written down to their real value in the case of drops in value that are not expected to be temporary. This is reversed if the basis for the write-down no longer applies. Long-term debts are balanced at their nominal value at the time of their establishment

Items in foreign currency are valued according to the exchange rate at the end of the year.

Trade accounts receivable and other accounts receivable are valued at their nominal value minus allocations intended to cover expected losses. Such allocations are determined on the basis of individual assessment of the accounts receivable in question. In addition, for other accounts receivable, an unspecified allocation to cover expected losses is made.

With effect from 2008, the Norwegian tax authorities have determined that FNI must pay tax on parts of its income. Payable tax is calculated as a result of taxable turnover with a proportional part of expenses deducted. Deferred tax assets are not entered into the balance sheet, as only a small portion of the foundation's turnover is taxed.

The company is required to have a mandatory occupational pension scheme.

NOTE 1 OTHER RESEARCH INCOME		
	2019	2018
Private sector	1 606 943	2 585 871
Other research institutions	168 350	102 136
Foreign institutions	2 768 119	2 027 898
Total	4 543 412	4 715 905
NOTE 2 OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
	2019	2018
Sales, rent and other income	84 704	144 783
Grant from Bærum municipality	80 000	80 000
Total	164 704	224 783
NOTE 3 PERSONNEL COSTS		
NOTE 5 TERSONNEL COSTS	2019	2018
Salaries	20 089 734	20 576 036
Payroll tax	3 306 135	3 277 899
Pensions	3 256 285	2 497 203
Other benefits	557 302	492 500
Total	27 209 456	26 843 638

The number of person-years worked in 2019 was 27.1.

In accordance with Norway's Mandatory Occupational Pension Act, the institute is required to have a pension scheme. This pension scheme is fully compliant with the obligations of the Act.

NOTE 4 BENEFITS/REMUNERATION OF THE BOARD, DIRECTOR AND AUDITOR

Benefits for leading persons

	Salary	Pensions	Other benefits	Total
Director	1 028 292	51 384	11 170	1 090 846
Board	85 000	0	0	85 000

The Director and the Board have no agreement concerning severance pay, bonus, profit sharing, or similar.

In 2019, three persons acted as Director. The information above is the summary of salary etc. paid in the position for 2019.

No loans or financial guarantees have been given to any FNI employees, board members or persons close to these.

Auditor's remuneration

Auditing	56 460
Special attestations	750
Other services	16 500
Total	73 710

The auditor's fee is exclusive of VAT.

NOTE 5 DEPRECIATION OF FIXED ASSETS

	Polhøgda	New building	Office equipment & machinery	Total
Procurement cost 01.01 + New assets - Exited assets	3 537 188 0 0	8 894 527 0 0	215 302 36 198 0	12 647 017 36 198 0
= Procurement cost 31.12	3 537 188	8 894 527	251 500	12 683 215
Accum. depreciations 01.01 + Ordinary depreciations	66 504 78 234	2 687 290 225 095	209 761 6 144	2 963 555 309 473
= Accum. depreciations 31.12	144 738	2 912 385	215 905	3 273 028
Balance sheet value 31.12	3 392 450	5 982 142	35 595	9 410 187
Depreciation rates (%)	1-10	2-20	20-33	

NOTE 6 OTHER OPERATING COSTS

This includes property maintenance costs of NOK 242 466. Such costs in 2018 were NOK 115 779. The Polhøgda property is maintained and developed in accordance with the FNI Statutes.

NOTE 7 TAXES

Basis for tax cost, changes to deferred tax and payable tax	
Pre-tax result +/- Change in differences not part of the basis for deferred tax/tax assets +/- Share of income that is tax-exempted +/- Permanent differences	2 176 693 -288 870 -1 782 905 265
= The basis for tax cost in 2019	105 182
+/- Changes in differences part of the basis for deferred tax/tax assets +/- Changes in deficits, tax credits etc, to be carried forward	0 0
= Basis for payable tax in the financial statement	105 182

Distribution of tax cost	
Payable tax +/- Change in deferred tax/tax assets	23 140 0
= Tax cost 22%	23 140
= Tax cost in the financial statement	23 140
Payable tax in the balance statement	
Payable tax in the tax cost	23 140
= Payable tax in the balance statement	23 140

Deferred tax assets are not entered into the balance sheet.

NOTE 8 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND DEBTS

	2019	2018
Accounts receivable due more than 1 year ahead	0	0
Long-term debt due more than 5 years ahead	0	0

No FNI assets are bound up as collateral for debts or guarantees.

NOTE 9 BANK DEPOSITS, CASH ETC.

Deducted tax deposits per 31.12.2019 totalled NOK 1 043 781. The corresponding figure was NOK 924 739 on the same date in 2018.

NOTE 10 CAPITAL

	Basis fund	Accumulated capital	Total
Capital 01.01	890 000	15 162 287	16 052 287
Result 2019	0	2 153 553	2 1 5 3 5 5 3
Capital 31.12	890 000	17 315 840	18 205 840

NOTE 11 PENSION OBLIGATION

FNI has a running pension agreement with the former director who retired in January 2012. Part of the pension obligations under this agreement is not insured, and is financed through regular operations.

Number of employees included in this pension scheme: 1 Discount rate used to calculate pension obligations: 2.6%

The annual adjustment of the pension corresponds to the percentage change in the Public Pension Base Rate.

This pension agreement is for life, to be taken over by the surviving spouse with a reduced obligation.

NOTE 12 INCIDENTS AFTER THE DAY OF BALANCE

Covid-19 is an influenza-like virus which has appeared in 2020, and which has already had a relatively large impact on society. The Foundation's operation in 2020 will be affected by the Covid-19 virus. The Foundation expects a somewhat lower turnover in the short term. The virus is, however, not expected to cause major, long-term consequences for the Foundation's activities.



THE AUDITOR'S REPORT

Revisors oppgaver og plikter ved revisjonen av årsregnskapet	Vårt mål er å oppnå betryggende sikkerhet for at årsregnskapet som helhet ikke inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon, verken som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil, og å avgi en revisjonsberetning som	inneholder vår konklusjon. Bettyggende sikkerhet er en høy grad av sikkerhet, men ingen garanti for at en revisjon utført i samsvar med lov, forskrift og god revisjonsskikk i Norge, herunder ISA-ene, alltid vil avdekke vesentlig fellinformasjon som eksisterer. Fellinformsjon kan oppstå som føge av misjigheter eller utliskkede for Enlinformation som ender som versette Aronson den solehvis eller sende and innihete har forserede	reu, reminormasjon più voroen soni vesennig dersoni den ensenva ener samet me minengret kan novenes à påvirke økonomiske beslutninger som brukerne foretar basert på årsregnskapet.	For videre beskrivelse av revisors oppgaver og plikter vises det til https://revisorforeningen.no/revisjonsberetninger	o vacanza on evide i ovince a de aventa de la compara de la com Compara de la compara de	Basert på vår revisjon av årsregnskapet som beskrevet ovenfor, og kontrollhandlinger vi har funnet nødvendig i henhold til internasjonal standard for attestasjonsoppdrag (ISAE) 3000 «Attestasjonsoppdrag som ikke er revision aller fortenklet reviserkontroll av historisk finansial informasiona, mener vi at ledalsen har ontefte	plikt til å sørge for ordentig og oversiktlig registrering og dokumentasjon av stiftelsens regnskapsopplysninger i samsvar med lov og god bokføringsskikk i Norge.	Konklusjon om forvaltning	Basert på vår revisjon av årsregnskapet som beskrevet ovenfor, og kontrollhandlinger vi har funnet nødvendige i henhold til internasjonal standard for attestasjonsoppdrag (ISAE) 3000, mener vi stiftelsen er forvaltet i samsvar med lov, stiftelsens formål og vedtektene for øvrig.	Drammen, 30. april 2020 Revisorkollegiet AS	Svein A. Andersen Statsautorisert revisor	Dokumentet signeres elektronisk			
	Til årsmøtet i Fridtjof Nansen Stiftelsen På Polhøgda	UAVHENGIG REVISORS BERETNING Uttaleise om revisjonen av årsregnskapet	Konkusjon Vi har revirlert triftelsen Fridtinf Nansen Stiftelsen 03 Dolhdada' årseoneban som visor et avorelvidd af br	v nar revuert surressent rijoujon vansen surresen ra romøgoar alsreguiskap som viser et overskuda på kr 2 153 553. Årsregnskapet består av balanse per 31. desember 2019, resultartegnskap for regnskapsåret avsluttet per denne datoen og noter til årsregnskapet, herunder et sammendrag av viktige regnskapsprinsipper.	Etter vår mening er det medfølgende årsregnskapet avgitt i samsvar med lov og forskrifter og gir et rettvisende bilde av stiftelsens finansielle stilling per 31. desember 2019, og av dets resultater for reanskansåret avsluttet	per denne datoen i samsvar med regnskapslovens regler og god regnskapsskikk i Norge. Grunnlag for konklusjonen	VI har gjennomført revisjonen i samsvar med lov, forskrift og god revisjonsskikk i Norge, herunder de internasjonale revisjonsstandardene (ISA-ene). Våre oppgaver og plikter i henhold til disse standardene er	beskrevet i Revisors oppgaver og plikter ved revisjon av årsregnskapet. Vi er uavhengige av stiftelsen slik det kreves i lov og forskrift, og har overholdt våre øvrige etiske forpliktelser i samsvar med disse kravene. Etter vår oppfatning er innhentet revisionsbevis tilstrekkelig og hensiktsmessig som ærunnlaø for vår konklusion.	Øvrig informasjon	Ledelsen er ansvarlig for øvrig informasjon. Øvrig informasjon består av informasjon i årsberetningen, men inkluderer ikke årsregnskapet og revisjonsberetningen. Vår uttalelse om revisjonen av årsregnskapet dekker ikke øvrig informasjon, og vi attesterer ikke den øvrige informasjonen. I forbindelse med revisjonen av årsregnskapet er det vår oppgave å lese øvrig informasjon med det formål å vurdere hvorvidt det foreligger vesentlig inkonsistens mellom øvrig informasjon og årsregnskapet, kunnskap vi har opparbeidet oss under revisjonen, eller hvorvidt den tilsynelatende inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon. Densom vi hadde konkludert med at den øvrige informasjonen inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon er vi pålagt å rapportere det. Vi har	ingenting å rapportere i så henseende. Styret og døglig leders ansvar for årsregnskapet	Styret og daglig leder (ledelsen) er ansvarlig for å utarbeide årsregnskapet i samsvar med lov og forskrifter, herunder for at det gir et trettvisende blide i samsvar med regnskapslovens regler og god regnskapsslikk i Norge. Ledelsen er også ansvarlig for slik intern kontroll som den finner nødvendig for å kunne utarbeide et årsregnskap som ikke inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon, verken som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil.	Ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet må ledelsen ta standpunkt til stiftelsens evne til fortsatt drift og opplyse om forhold av betydning for fortsatt drift. Forutsetningen om fortsatt drift skal legges til grunn for årsregnskapet så lenge det ikke er sannsynlig at virksomheten vil bli avviklet.		Revisorikallegiet AS: Revisorim./Ing.int: 887 583 838 MVA. T; 32 27 63 00, post@nevisorikallegiet.no. www.revisorikallegiet.no Audalinger: DAAMMER: Ingenier Rybergs Gate 48, 3024 Drammen. (XINGSBERD: Nymoens Targ 11, 3611 Kongsberg DSI.D/SK: Bistensjøveien 39, D667 Oslo. UVDAL: Nore og Uvdal Næringspærk, 3632 Uvdal Medlem av: Den norske Revisorforening og HLB Interretional

FNI STAFF 2019

LEADERSHIP TEAM

- Hønneland, Geir, Director, Research Professor, Dr. Polit. (until August)
- Gulbrandsen, Lars H., Acting Director (September-November), Deputy Director, Research Director, Research Professor, Ph.D.
- Neumann, Iver B., Director, Research Professor, D.phil. (from December)
- Rosendal, G. Kristin, Research Director, Research Professor, Dr. Polit.
- **Skedsmo, Pål Wilter**, Research Director (from January), Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Ragner, Claes Lykke, Head of Administration and Information, Cand. Scient.

RESEARCH STAFF

Andersen, Regine, Senior Research Fellow, Dr. Polit.

Andresen, Steinar, Research Professor, Cand. Polit.

Eikeland, Per Ove, Senior Research Fellow, Cand. Polit.

- Fauchald, Ole Kristian, Research Professor, Doctor of Law
- Heggelund, Gørild, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Inderberg, Tor Håkon Jackson, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Jensen, Øystein, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Jevnaker, Torbjørg, Research Fellow, Master of Political Science
- Jørgensen, Anne-Kristin, Senior Research Fellow, Cand. Polit.
- Korppoo, Anna, Research Professor, Ph.D.
- Loe, Julia S. P., Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D. (until January)
- Moe, Arild, Research Professor, Cand. Polit.
- Østhagen, Andreas, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Nilssen, Frode, Research Professor, Dsc
- Prip, Christian, Senior Policy Analyst, Master of Law
- Raspotnik, Andreas, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Rottem, Svein Vigeland, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.

Rowe, Lars, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D. (until July)

Skjærseth, Jon Birger, Research Professor, Dr. Polit.

Stensdal, Iselin, Research Fellow, Master in Chinese Studies

Stokke, Olav Schram, Research Professor, Dr. Philos.

Tvedt, Morten Walløe, Senior Research Fellow, Cand. Jur.

Vidas, Davor, Research Professor, Doctor of Law

Vormedal, Irja, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.

Wettestad, Jørgen, Research Professor, Cand. Polit.

Winge, Tone, Senior Research Fellow, Master of Development Studies

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Abraha, Biniam, Cleaner (until July)

- Flåm, Karoline Hægstad, Head of Information, Master of Political Science
- Haugbo, Ola Just, Manager of Information Systems (until June)

Hemgren, Anna, Head of Accounting (from May)

Rypdal, Hilde, Administrative Consultant (from May)

Sørensen, Hanne, Head of Accounting (until May)

Sørensen, Jan Dalsgaard, Property and IT Manager

MASTER'S STUDENTS

Bredvold, Torjus Lunder (from September) Karlsen, Øyvind Thue (February-April) Lamazhapov, Erdem (from September) Mathisen, Jonas (January-September) Nyman, Jessica (February-April) Oreschnikoff, Aleksis (April-July) Toscano, Leonor (until May) Winger, Natalie (January-April)

GUEST RESEARCHERS

Bognar, Dorottya, University of Tromsø (until June)

Christensen, Lotte Dalgaard, Aarhus University (January-April)

Codère, Charles, University of Montreal (from October)

Johansen, Elise, University of Tromsø (from February)

Schmidt, Rebecca, University College Dublin (June-September)

STAFF LINE-UP AS OF MAY 2020



Iver B. Neumann Director



Lars H. Gulbrandsen **Deputy Director Research Director**

Leadership team



Pål Wilter Skedsmo **Research Director**

Research staff

Per Ove

Eikeland



Regine Andersen Research Director



Claes Lykke Ragner Head of Administration



Steinar Andresen



Tor Håkon J. Inderberg

Arild

Moe

Jon Birger

Skjærseth



Øystein Jensen

Frode

Nilssen

Iselin

Stensdal



Torbjørg Jevnaker

Andreas

Østhagen

Olav Schram

Stokke

Henrik

Bjørnebye



Anne-Kristin

Jørgensen

Christian Prip



Davor Vidas



Irja

Vormedal

Anna

Korppoo

Ole Kristian

Fauchald



Jørgen Wettestad



Geir Hønneland



Marie Byskov Lindberg



Svein Vigeland Rottem



Tone Winge





Karoline Hægstad Flåm

Anna Hemgren

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Hilde

Rypdal



Jan Dalsgaard Sørensen

Kristin Rosendal

Gørild

Heggelund

Mari Lie

Larsen





PUBLICATIONS 2019

Воокѕ

Aasjord, Berit and Geir Hønneland Nord og ned: nordområdene som koloni og framtidsvisjon ('The north as colony and vision of the future') Orkana Forlag, 2019, 215 p. In Norwegian.

Eikeland, Per Ove and Jon Birger Skjærseth The Politics of Low-Carbon Innovation - The EU Strategic Energy Technology Plan Palgrave Macmillan, 2019, 142 p.

Henderson, James and Arild Moe The Globalization of Russian Gas Cheltenham, Edward Elgar, 2019, 200 p.

Hønneland, Geir 俄罗斯和北极 ('Russia and the Arctic') Social Science Press, 2019, 164 p. In Chinese.

Rottem, Svein Vigeland The Arctic Council - Between Environmental Protection and Geopolitics Palgrave Macmillan, 2019, 104 p.

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Photo: Torbjørg Jevnaker

THE FNI IN FIGURES

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Work-years	31.9	30.9	29.2	29.3	27.0	28.6	31.0	29.8	27.1
- including research work-years	25.6	25.4	23.9	24.0	21.8	22.9	24.9	24.7	22.1
Economy (million NOK)									
- Gross turnover	32.3	34.0	35.2	37.2	39.9	38.3	37.7	38.4	38.0
- Net turnover (excl. income transferred to partners)	26.9	27.9	30.1	32.3	32.9	32.7	34.8	34.9	34.0
- Result	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.7	1.6	0.7	3.2	2.2
- Capital	8.9	9.5	9.5	9.9	10.6	12.1	12.9	16.1	18.2
Scientific publications*									
- Books (monographs)	0	3	4	3	1	5	4	3	5
- Journal articles	12	11	18	27	24	31	25	24	24
- Book chapters	11	19	45	21	34	16	17	27	9
- Publication points**	24.8	41.4	71.4	70.5	62.3	81.6	71.3	70.3	70.6
Other academic publications ***									
- Books****	4	7	7	2	5	2	5	2	2
- Journal articles	1	3	2	2	5	4	9	1	2
- Book chapters	8	4	1	1	6	1	4	2	1
- FNI Reports	14	18	6	16	10	7	2	2	7
- FNI Climate Policy Perspectives reports	3	4	4	3	1	-	-	-	-
- External reports	2	2	4	2	5	1	3	5	9
Commentaries / popularized publications	22	30	30	31	33	31	20	34	39
Presentations/lectures:	142	120	175	122	140	100	119	123	121
- at scholarly conferences	48	25	51	33	44	49	35	33	37
- for users, students etc.	83	84	109	75	75	36	74	64	63
- for the general public	11	11	15	14	21	15	10	26	21
Registered media coverage*****	100	134	173	120	141	141	164	80	137
FNI events*****	10	9	9	10	5	13	7	6	15

* According to The Norwegian Association of Higher Education Institutions (UHR)'s definition of 'scientific publication', including requirements that the publication presents new insight, has a form which enables verification of results (incl. references), and is published in approved scientific publication channels (journals/book publishers) with peer review.

** Publication points are calculated according to rules set by the Research Council of Norway. In 2015, these rules were revised, increasing credits for external, and in particular international, co-authorship. Using the old rules, FNI would have received 54 points in 2015 and 76 points in 2016.

*** Books, articles, book chapters and reports that, for various reasons, do not fulfil the UHR definition of "scientific publication", but which are directed towards an academic audience (as opposed to commentary articles and other popularized publications which are mainly directed towards users and the public).

**** Also includes edited books, new editions, translated versions and other books (or book-like publications) where FNI researchers have been heavily involved.

***** News agency articles etc. published in several different newspapers/media are here counted only as one.

****** Larger seminars and conferences organized by FNI (alone or in cooperation with others).

THE NANSEN HERITAGE

Fridtjof Nansen (1861–1930) became famous for his exploration of the Arctic, but he also made major scientific contributions and worked as a diplomat. In his later years he worked extensively to help prisoners of war and refugees, and with famine relief. These activities were carried out under the auspices of the League of Nations as well as on Nansen's own initiative. For these humanitarian efforts he was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1922. Nansen was aware of the shortcomings of existing international structures and was deeply engaged in establishing international cooperation.

Fridtjof Nansen lived at Polhøgda from 1901 until his death in 1930. His grave is in the garden in front of the house.

The Fridtjof Nansen Foundation at Polhøgda was established to conduct research within the interest areas of Fridtjof Nansen and to maintain the property of Polhøgda. The Foundation conducts its research activities under the name of the Fridtjof Nansen Institute (FNI).

FNI's Statutes state that:

The Fridtjof Nansen Institute (FNI) shall engage in basic and applied research and commissioned studies, as well as in dissemination of information, consultancy and publishing related to the above. FNI research is to be conducted according to basic rules and principles for modern science. Research activities are conducted in accordance with plans approved by the Board.

It is the Foundation's obligation to keep Polhøgda, including the building as well as the grounds and Nansen's grave, in such a condition as to make it a worthy memorial to Fridtjof Nansen's name, his life and deeds, and a befitting framework for those of his belongings that are of public interest. Nansen's study in the tower is, to the extent possible, to be left as it was when he lived. The property shall not be a museum. It is to be used for the good of mankind, as a place of work, preferably in connection with interests close to Fridtjof Nansen, such as oceanography, polar studies and research of importance to international cooperation.

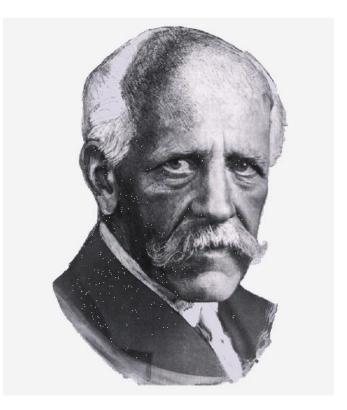




Photo: Jan Dalsgaard Sørensen

ABOUT THE FRIDTJOF NANSEN INSTITUTE

The Fridtjof Nansen Institute (FNI) is an independent institution engaged in research on international environmental, energy, and resource management politics. Within this framework the institute's research is mainly grouped around seven focal points:

- Global environmental governance and law
- Climate change
- Law of the Sea and marine affairs
- Biodiversity and genetic resources
- Polar and Russian politics
- European energy and environment
- Chinese energy and environment

The main disciplines are political science and law, but FNI researchers also hold degrees in economics, history, social anthropology and development studies, and have special language and regional competence on Russia and China. FNI currently has a staff of around 40, including around 30 researchers and 3-8 Master's students.

FNI's activities include academic studies, contract research, investigations and evaluations.

FNI's sources of funding include the Research Council of Norway, various Norwegian public bodies, business associations and private companies, the European Commission and international research foundations. Annual turnover is around 40 million NOK.

FNI collaborates extensively with other research institutions and individual researchers, in Norway and abroad. It strives to make its expertise available and relevant to users as well as to the public at large. FNI research is published in international scholarly journals and books. The institute also has its own report series.



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