# Annual Report

# 2016



FRIDTJOF NANSENS INSTITUTT FRIDTJOF NANSEN INSTITUTE

# FROM THE DIRECTOR

Financially and academically, 2016 was another good year for the Fridtjof Nansen Institute (FNI). For three years in a row, FNI has been ranked by the Norwegian Research Council as No. 1 in academic publications among all the 48 independent research institutes in Norway, based on a publication-points system for peerreviewed articles and books. Moreover, in a comprehensive international review of all

Norwegian social science research institutes also conducted in 2016, FNI was praised not only for its prestigious scholarly publications, but also for its strategic importance and its high level of policy relevance, nationally and internationally. The evaluation committee further noted that the institute is 'well run, has a strong governance model and financial performance'. And in November 2016. FNI was the sole Norwegian research institute nominated for a Prospect Magazine Think Tank Award, in the category 'best European think tank on energy and environment'.

In the course of 2016, FNI researchers have attended and organized side-events at numerous high-level summits,

for instance in connection with the UN's work on new regulations for biodiversity and fisheries management in areas beyond national jurisdiction. An FNI article on the Anthropocene, published in *Science*, was on the 'top 100' list of most-discussed scientific articles globally in 2016, out of nearly 3 million articles monitored.

FNI conducts research on international relations and international law related to energy politics, the management of natural resources, and environmental protection. As we are a contractbased research institute, our project portfolio at any time reflects the concerns of the real world, and the research priorities of funding bodies. Needless to say, climate law and politics permeate our current research – ranging from the global climate negotiations, via the regional climate regime of the EU, to national and local climate politics in countries such as China, Russia and the United States. Also our research on the politics of renewable energy is becoming increasingly relevant.

During 2016, FNI has acquired several new projects in one of its traditional fields of work: international law and politics in the polar regions. Through a framework agreement with

the Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, FNI regularly contributes policy analyses on Arctic and Antarctic affairs. We have also been awarded several new projects from the Research Council of Norway on polar issues, *inter alia* on how established management regimes in polar waters have proven resilient in the face of changes in the distribution of fish stocks.

FNI's research is international in every sense of the word. The vast majority of our publications appear as articles in international academic journals or as books with international publishing houses – mainly in English, but occasionally translated into other languages, such as Chinese. The release of two FNI books on the politics was celebrated at

Arctic politics was celebrated at a well-attended book launch in

Shanghai in October. All our research projects involve international cooperation, and we have partners on all continents. In addition to wellestablished partnerships with other European and North American academic institutions, our external relations are expanding eastwards and southwards, especially in Asian countries such as China, India and South Korea, but also on the African and South American continents.

As we are a relatively small research institute, our administrative resources are limited. In 2016, we were for the first time able to engage a professional information officer, and FNI's general communication with the outside world has now increased considerably. If you are interested in our work, please go to our website www.fni.no, sign up for our newsletter, and/or follow us on Facebook or Twitter.



Geir Hønneland

# ACADEMIC PROFILE AND MAIN OBJECTIVES

The objective of the FNI is to understand the underlying forces in international environmental and resource politics, and on that basis make well-founded contributions to political solutions of problems in these areas. The institute also works to promote greater awareness of how Norway is influenced by, and may exert influence on, international framework conditions in these areas.

The institute undertakes academic studies, applied research projects, investigations and evaluations. FNI research is expected to maintain a high level of scholarship and contribute to further scientific development through international publication and other means. The institute also strives to be user-friendly and deliver results of practical relevance. The balance between these concerns is complex and is not necessarily reflected in each single project or publication. For the institute as a whole, however, both elements are important.

# FOCAL AREAS AND RESEARCH PORTFOLIO

In 2016, FNI research activities were grouped in the following seven focal areas:

- Global environmental governance and law
- Climate change
- Law of the Sea and marine affairs
- Biodiversity and genetic resources
- Polar and Russian politics
- European energy and environmental politics
- Chinese energy and environmental politics

The project portfolio consisted of 36 research and evaluation projects. Nine new externally-financed projects started up in 2016, including four large-scale, multiyear projects financed by the Research Council of Norway. In addition, several new tasks were assigned to FNI under its framework agreement with the Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs on contributions towards the development of the government's High North initiative.

# FINANCING AND ECONOMY

The Research Council of Norway (RCN) was FNI's main source of revenue in 2016, financing 27 of the institute's ongoing projects. These projects, won in competition with other research centres, have been awarded from various RCN programmes, which in turn have received their funding from a range of government ministries and other sources.

The institute also receives an annual basic grant from the RCN. This funding is to be used to 'ensure a long-term basis for professional research quality and results within the institute's key activities'. The grant of NOK 8.287 million in 2016 was used for preparation of manuscripts for peer-reviewed publication, project initiation, supplementary financing of PhD projects and strategic expertise-building projects.

Government ministries, businesses, private foundations and institutions abroad were also among the FNI's sources of funding.

Liquidity remained satisfactory throughout the year 2016.

The institute's economic situation is deemed satisfactory. The FNI Board and leadership consider the plans for continued activities to be justified by the annual accounts for 2016.

# PERSONNEL

23 researcher work-years were carried out at the FNI in 2016. As of 31 December 2016 the institute had a research staff of 30. This includes seven in part-time positions, and one on parental leave. At the same time, the institute's administrative staff consisted of eight persons, including a newly hired Head of Information engaged in a 50% position. In total, the administration carried out just under six workyears altogether.

The FNI has continued its active recruitment of Master's degree students. In the course of 2016, 13 students were associated with the institute for longer or shorter periods. In all, 54 people were associated with the institute during the year, on a full-time or part-time basis or on student scholarships.

As of the end of 2016, the FNI had ten staff members qualified as Researcher I (Professor), while 13 qualified as Researcher II (Associate Professor) in the Norwegian system. Of these 23, a full 16 hold doctoral degrees. A doctorate automatically results in promotion to Researcher II; the other seven have had their qualifications recognized by external evaluation committees.

The FNI has maintained its focus on doctoral-level research. At the end of the year, eight research staff members were in different stages of their PhD projects. In addition to ensuring important individual qualification, doctoral projects are a major element in our long-term strategy for building expertise.

Three FNI researchers had additional part-time university employment, at the University of Tromsø, the University of Stavanger and the University College of Molde, while two professors, both from the University of Oslo, had part-time employment with the FNI. In the course of 2016, three guest researchers visited FNI, from institutions in Germany, USA and Norway.

# **PUBLICATIONS**

2016 was again a very good year with regard to scientific publication. Seven books, including five monographies, 31 peer-reviewed scientific articles and 16 peer-reviewed chapters in scientific books were published. Converted into publication points, this marked a new record high for FNI, both in absolute numbers, and in publication points per researcher work-year.

# **RESEARCH COOPERATION**

A central element in developing the professional activities of the FNI has been expansion of collaboration with other research institutions and individual researchers, in Norway and elsewhere, to supplement the institute's own expertise.

In 2016 the FNI had formalized cooperation with a range of Norwegian institutions. These include the Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI), the Universities of Oslo, Bergen and Tromsø, CICERO – Centre for International Climate and Environmental Research, the Norwegian Institute for Defence Studies (IFS), NOFIMA, Genøk, the Oslo and Akershus University College, Northern Research Institute (NORUT), the Sigra Group, the Norwegian Institute of Bioeconomy Research (NIBIO), the Norwegian Institute of Public Health, Statistics Norway, Nord University and the Norwegian University of Life Sciences (NMBU).

In 2016 the FNI was also involved in various multinational research projects. Partners included the South Asia Watch

on Trade, Economics and Environment (SAWTEE, Nepal), the University of Umeå (Sweden), Carleton University (Canada), Wageningen University (the Netherlands), East-West Center (Hawaii), Shanghai Institutes for International Studies (China), Polar Research Institute of China, Korea Maritime Institute, Imperial College London, University of Otago (New Zealand), University of Plymouth (UK), University of California, University of Leicester (UK), University of New South Wales (Australia), The George Washington University (USA) and the Autonomous University of Madrid Foundation (Spain). In addition, the FNI works together with foreign researchers on an individual basis.

# **INSTITUTE LEADERSHIP TEAM**

Throughout 2016, Geir Hønneland was the institute's Director, Lars H. Gulbrandsen was Deputy Director, Kristin Rosendal was Research Director and Claes Lykke Ragner was Head of Administration.

# EQUAL OPPORTUNITY, WORKING ENVIRONMENT, SICK LEAVE

Of the 54 persons affiliated with the institute in 2016, 30 were men and 24 were women. The FNI does not have

specific policies for employing women, but, viewed over a period of several years, recruitment has been genderbalanced, also on the different competence levels.

Sick leave in 2015 stood at 2.1%.

In the assessment of the Board, the FNI enjoys a good social and physical working environment.

FNI activities have little direct impact on the external environment. We strive to reduce paper consumption through the use of electronic media; paper and plastics are sorted and delivered for recycling.

# MANAGEMENT OF THE POLHØGDA PROPERTY

In addition to day-to-day maintenance, FNI in 2016 carried out a total renovation of the 2<sup>nd</sup> floor bathroom, as well as the ground floor wardrobe. Furthermore, FNI in 2016 continued its plan to raise the conservation level in Fridtjof Nansen's study room, in close cooperation with experts from the Norwegian Museum of Cultural History.

# WORK OF THE BOARD AND THE COUNCIL

One Council meeting was held in 2016, and there were two meetings of the Board.

Lysaker, 5 April 2017

(signed by all Board members and the Director)

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# MEMBERS OF FNI'S BOARD AND COUNCIL following the 2016 Annual Meeting

# BOARD

Øyvind Østerud (Chairman) Bjørn Tore Godal Anne Louise Koefoed Ann Therese Lotherington Christian Fredrik Michelet Pål Wilter Skedsmo, (staff representative)



Photo: Jan Dalsgaard Sørensen

# COUNCIL

Sverre Lodgaard (Chairman) Nils Bøhmer Kate Hansen Bundt Sverre Diesen Else Berit Eikeland **Rasmus Hansson** Anne Lene W. Hojem Kjetil Høver Ingvild Jakobsen Helene Sjursen John-Mikal Størdal Liv Monica Stubholt Gry Synnevåg Geir Ulfstein Kåre Willoch Iulie Wilhelmsen Jan-Gunnar Winther Pål Wilter Skesmo (staff representative)

# ANNUAL ACCOUNTS 2016

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENT**

	Accounts		Accounts
	2016		2015
	(NOK)	Note	(NOK)
Operating income			
Norw. Research Council, incl. basic grant	33 868 800		34 047 290
Norwegian govt. & public institutions	1 885 059		2 011 682
Other research income	2 419 816	1	3 664 403
Other operating income	145 200	2	144 500
Sum operating income	38 318 875		39 867 875
Operating costs			
Transfers to cooperation partners	4 366 401		6 949 884
Salaries and personnel costs	25 207 660	3.4	27 521 132
Ordinary depreciations	333 493	5	314 022
Other operating costs	7 011 664	4,6	4 643 015
Sum operating costs	36 919 218		39 428 052
Result excluding financial income	1 399 657		439 823
Net financial income	178 185		292 759
Ordinary pre-tax result	1 577 842		732 582
Tax on ordinary result	18 129	7	41 595
Result	1 559 713		690 987
Transfer to/from capital:	1 559 713		690 987
Sum transfer of result	1 559 713		690 987

# BALANCE SHEET, 31 DECEMBER

	Accounts		Accounts
	2016		2015
Assets	(NOK)	Note	(NOK)
Fixed assets			
Real estate: Polhøgda	1 193 900	5	1 208 300
New building	6 723 361	5	6 992 755
Office equipment, machinery	69 511	5	119 209
Sum fixed assets	7 986 771		8 320 264
Liquid assets			
Trade accounts receivable	2 388 193		2 141 101
Other accounts receivable	1 768 227	8	1 529 029
Bank deposits, cash etc.	19 800 852	9	18 925 410
Sum liquid assets	23 957 272		22 595 540
Sum assets	31 944 043		30 915 804
Carital and Dakta			
Capital and Debts			
<u>Capital</u>			
Basis fund	890 000	10	890 000
Accumulated capital	11 226 708	10	9 666 995
Sum capital	12 116 708		10 556 995
Allocation for future obligations			
Pension obligations	2 250 000	3,11	2 400 000
Sum allocation for future obligations	2 250 000		2 400 000
<u>Short term debt</u>			
Accounts payable	946 676		1 078 904
Payable tax	18 129	7	41 595
Taxes and assessments	2 055 912		1 863 888
Other short term debt	14 556 618	8	14 974 422
Sum short term debt	17 577 335		17 958 809
Sum debt	19 827 335		20 358 809
Sum capital and debt	31 944 043		30 915 804

Lysaker 5 April 2017

(signed by all Board members and the Director)

# NOTES

# ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with Norway's Accounting Act and with recognized good accountancy practices for small enterprises.

Received allocations are entered into the accounts as income in accordance with the progress of the project in question, with each project considered separately. The sale of services to private businesses is registered as income upon delivery.

Liquid assets and short term debts normally include items that are due for payment within one year after the date of balance, as well as items related to the operating cycle. Liquid assets are assessed at procurement cost or estimated real value, whichever is lower Short-term debt is balanced at its nominal value at the time of establishment.

Possessions intended for permanent ownership and use are classified as fixed assets, and are assessed at procurement cost. Fixed assets are entered into the balance sheet and are depreciated over their economic lifespan. Fixed assets are written down to their real value in the case of drops in value that are not expected to be temporary. This is reversed if the basis for the write-down no longer applies. Long-term debts are balanced at their nominal value at the time of their establishment

Items in foreign currency are valued according to the exchange rate at the end of the year.

Trade accounts receivable and other accounts receivable are valued at their nominal value minus allocations intended to cover expected losses. Such allocations are determined on the basis of individual assessment of the accounts receivable in question. In addition, for other accounts receivable, an unspecified allocation to cover expected losses is made.

With effect from 2008, the Norwegian tax authorities have determined that FNI must pay tax on parts of its income. Payable tax is calculated as a result of taxable turnover with a proportional part of expenses deducted. Deferred tax assets are not entered into the balance sheet, as only a small portion of the foundation's turnover is taxed.

The company is required to have a mandatory occupational pension scheme.

All monetary sums are in Norwegian kroner (NOK).

NOTE 1 OTHER RESEARCH INCOME		
	2016	2015
Private sector	1 883 343	2 031 447
Other research institutions	0	0
Foreign institutions	536 473	1 632 956
Total	2 419 816	3 664 403
NOTE 2 OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
	2016	2015
Sales, rent and other income	65 200	62 500
Grant from Bærum municipality	80 000	80 000
Total	145 200	144 500
NOTE 3 PERSONNEL COSTS		
	2016	2015
Salaries	19 572 311	19 506 527
Payroll tax	3 037 568	3 275 911
Pensions	2 298 044	4 028 068
Hired personnel	0	538 326
Other benefits	299 737	172 300
Total	25 207 660	27 521 132

The number of person-years worked in 2016 was 28.6.

In accordance with Norway's Mandatory Occupational Pension Act, the institute is required to have a pension scheme, This pension scheme is fully compliant with the obligations of the Act.

# NOTE 4 BENEFITS/REMUNERATION OF THE BOARD, DIRECTOR AND AUDITOR

# Benefits for leading persons

	Salary	Pensions	Other benefits	Total
Director	1 226 097	126 431	14 966	1 367 494
Board	85 000	0	0	85 000

There is no agreement concerning severance pay, bonus, profit sharing, or similar, for the FNI Director or the Board.

No loans or financial guarantees have been given to any FNI employees, board members or persons close to these.

### Auditor's remuneration

58 275
10 078
8 340
39 857

The auditor's fee is exclusive of VAT.

# **NOTE 5 DEPRECIATION OF FIXED ASSETS**

	Polhøgda	New building	Office equipment & machinery	Total
Procurement cost 01.01 + New assets - Exited assets	1 214 419 0 0	8 894 527 0 0	215 302 0 0	10 324 248 0 0
= Procurement cost 31.12	1 214 419	8 894 527	215 302	10 324 248
Accum. depreciations 01.01 + Ordinary depreciations	6 119 14 400	1 901 772 269 395	96 094 49 698	2 003 984 333 493
= Accum. depreciations 31.12	20 519	2 171 166	145 792	2 337 477
Balance sheet value 31.12	1 193 900	6 723 361	69 511	7 986 771
Depreciation rates (%)	1-10	2-20	20-33	

### NOTE 6 OTHER OPERATING COSTS

This includes property maintenance costs of NOK 866,531. Such costs in 2015 were NOK 179,335. The Polhøgda property is maintained and developed in accordance with the FNI Statutes.

# NOTE 7 TAXES

Basis for tax cost, changes to deferred tax and payable tax	
Pre-tax result +/- Change in differences not part of the basis for deferred tax/tax assets +/- Share of income that is tax-exempted +/- Permanent differences	1 577 842 -52 408 -1 480 316 27 399
= The basis for tax cost in 2016	72 517
+/- Changes in differences part of the basis for deferred tax/tax assets +/- Changes in deficits, tax credits etc, to be carried forward	0 0
= Basis for payable tax in the financial statement	72 517
= Taxable income	72 517

Distribution of tax cost	
Payable tax	18 129
+/- Change in deferred tax/tax assets	0
= Tax cost 25%	18 129
= Tax cost in the financial statement	18 129
Payable tax in the balance statement	
Payable tax in the tax cost	18 129
= Payable tax in the balance statement	18 129

Deferred tax assets are not entered into the balance sheet.

# NOTE 8 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND DEBTS

	2016	2015
Accounts receivable due more than 1 year ahead	0	0
Long-term debt due more than 5 years ahead	0	0

No FNI assets are bound up as collateral for debts or guarantees.

### NOTE 9 BANK DEPOSITS, CASH ETC.

Deducted tax deposits per 31.12.2016 totalled NOK 1 058 928. The corresponding figure was NOK 1 043 093 on the same date in 2015.

# NOTE 10 CAPITAL

	Basis fund	Accumulated capital	Total
Capital 01.01 Result 2015	890 000 0	9 666 995 1 559 713	10 556 995 1 559 713
Capital 31.12	890 000	11 226 708	12 116 708

# NOTE 11 PENSION OBLIGATION

FNI has a running pension agreement with the former director who retired in January 2012. Part of the pension obligations under this agreement is not insured, and is financed through regular operations.

Number of employees included in this pension scheme: 1 Discount rate used to calculate pension obligations: 2.7% The annual adjustment of the pension corresponds to the percentage change in the Public Pension Base Rate.

This pension agreement is for life, to be taken over by the surviving spouse with a reduced obligation.



# THE AUDITOR'S REPORT

C	In preparing the fin. Continue as a going concern basis of acc operations, or has n	NDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	Our objectives are t from material misst opinion. Reasonable accordance with ISA	We have audited the financial statements of Fridtjof Nansens Institute, showing a net profit NOK 1 559 713. The financial statements which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2016, and the statement of income for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant	accounting policies. For further descripti position of Fridtjof Nansens Institute at December 31, 2016, and its financial performance for the year that ended in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway.	Optinion on the Boar	We conducted our audit in accordance with laws, regulations, and auditing standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, included International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those accepted in Norway, included International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities the Boa accepted in Vorway, the Boa section of our report. We are independent of the Company as required by laws and regulations, and we have		evence we have outderive up somether and appropriate to provide a basis for our opmon.  Descendance with the contraction  Other Information  Contraction  Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board of Directors'  Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board of Directors'  Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board of Directors'  Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Board of Directors'  Management is responsible for the other information accounting information  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.  Control on the financial statements and our auditor's report and on the financial statements and our auditor's report and on the finance out the	our opinion on the inhancial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Opinion on management	In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, andoing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or in rowoledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we have nothing to report in this regard. To report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.	Drammen, April 10, 2017 Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Management's for the Financial Statements	The Board of Directors and the Managing Director (the management) are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, and for such internal control as management.			Revisorkallegiet AS: Revisorm./org.nr: 887 593 836 MVA, T: 32 27 83 0D, past@revisorkallegiet.no. www.revisorkallegiet.no Avadinger: D RAMMerch P. B. Bla, Sood D Ammune, VANDBBERD, Nymaara Tray 11, 3811 Kongaberg SUSJSK1: Engebrets Vai 3. 0257 081. UVDA1: None og Uvda Næringsperk, 3632 Uvdal Medlem av: Den norske Revisorforening og HLB Internetional
	In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the foundations ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.	Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements	Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.	Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.	For further descriptions of auditor's responsibilities refer to https://revisorforeningen.no.revisjonsberetninger Renort on Other Least and Exeminance Dominance Least	opinion on the Board of Directors' report	Based on our audit of the financial statements as described above, it is our opinion that the information presented in the Board of Directors' report concerning the financial statements and the going concern assumption is consistent with the financial statements and compiles with the law and regulations.	Opinion on Registration and Documentation	Based our audit of the financial statements as described above, and control procedures we have considered necessary in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (IGAE) 3000, «Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information», it is our oplinon that management has fulfilled its duty to produce a proper and clearly set out registration and documentation of the foundation accounting information in accordance with the law and bookkeeping standards and practices generally accepted in Norway.	aent	Based on our audit of the financial statements as described above, and control procedures we have found necessary in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000, we believe the foundation is managed in accordance with the law, the Foundation purposes and bylaws otherwise.	:017	white	lic Accountant	Translation has been made for information purposes only.	

# **LEADERSHIP TEAM**

Hønneland, Geir, Director, Research Professor, Dr. Polit.

- Gulbrandsen, Lars H., Deputy Director, Research Professor, Ph.D.
- Rosendal, G. Kristin, Research Director, Research Professor, Dr. Polit.
- Ragner, Claes Lykke, Head of Administration and Information, Cand. Scient.

# **RESEARCH STAFF**

Andresen, Steinar, Research Professor, Cand. Polit.

- Eikeland, Per Ove, Senior Research Fellow, Cand. Polit.
- Fauchald, Ole Kristian, Research Professor, Doctor of Law
- Hansen, Harald Sakarias Brøvig, Researcher, Master of International Fisheries Management
- Heggelund, Gørild, Senior Research Fellow
- Hsiung, Christopher Weidacher, Research Fellow, Master of Political Science (until January)
- Inderberg, Tor Håkon Jackson, Sr. Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Jensen, Leif Christian, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Jensen, Øystein, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Jevnaker, Torbjørg, Research Fellow, Master of Political Science
- Jørgensen, Anne-Kristin, Senior Research Fellow, Cand. Polit.

Korppoo, Anna, Research Professor, Ph.D.

- Loe, Julia S. P., Doctoral Research Fellow, Master of Arts
- Moe, Arild, Senior Research Fellow, Cand. Polit.
- Prip, Christian, Senior Policy Analyst, Master of Law
- Rottem, Svein Vigeland, Research Fellow, Ph.D.

Rowe, Lars, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.

- Sandberg, Kristin Ingstad, Sr. Research Fellow
- **Skedsmo, Pål Wilter**, Research Fellow, Master of Social Anthropology
- Skjærseth, Jon Birger, Research Professor, Dr. Polit.
- Soltvedt, Ida Folkestad, Researcher, Master of Political Science (from August)
- Stensdal, Iselin, Research Fellow, Master in Chinese Studies
- Stokke, Olav Schram, Research Professor, Dr. Philos.
- Tvedt, Morten Walløe, Senior Research Fellow, Cand. Jur.
- Vidas, Davor, Research Professor, Doctor of Law
- Vormedal, Irja, Senior Research Fellow, Ph.D.
- Wettestad, Jørgen, Research Professor, Cand. Polit.
- Winge, Tone, Senior Research Fellow, Master of Development Studies

# **ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF**

Abraha, Biniam, Cleaner

Flåm, Karoline Hægstad, Head of Information, Master of Political Science (from August)
Haugbo, Ola Just, Manager of Information Systems
Hiorth, Rigmor L.W., Administrative Assistant
Lorentzen, Kari, Librarian
Sørensen, Hanne, Head of Accounting
Sørensen, Jan Dalsgaard, Caretaker

# **MASTER'S STUDENTS**

Baltrune, Zivile (February-December) Berger, Simen Storm (until January) Blakar, Kristin Bækken (August-November) Eriksen, Stine Risdal (until June) Hassel, Matilde (until May) Larsen, John Terje (until August) Lygre, Solveig (from February) Nygard, Gunn (until November) Næs, Ina Rogdaberg (January-May) Soltvedt, Ida Folkestad (until June) Sundsbø, Lise Marie (from October) Ulset, Tarje Neergaard (from January) Verbeek Wolthuys, Johan (until October)

# **GUEST RESEARCHERS**

Andersen, Gavin, USA (July-September) Bognar, Dorottya, University of Tromsø (from January) Sattich, Thomas, Germany (August-November)

# STAFF LINE-UP AS OF MAY 2017



Geir Hønneland Director



Lars H. Gulbrandsen Deputy Director



G. Kristin Rosendal **Research Director** 



Claes Lykke Ragner Head of Administration

# **Research staff**

Leadership team



Tor Håkon J.

Inderberg

Christian

Prip



Jensen

Svein Vigeland

Rottem



Øystein Jensen



Lars Rowe



Morten Walløe







Eikeland

Jørgensen

Peter Johan

Schei



Torbjørg Jevnaker



Kristin Ingstad Sandberg



Fauchald

Anna

Korppoo

Pål Wilter

Skedsmo



Julia S. P. Loe

Arild Moe

Gørild

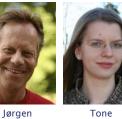
Heggelund



Skjærseth









Tone Winge

# Administrative staff

Arne

Walther



Davor

Vidas

Ola Just Haugbo



Irja

Vormedal

Flåm





Wettestad



Sørensen











Stensdal

Olav Schram Stokke







Jan Dalsgaard









# GLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL GOVERNANCE AND LAW

Andresen, Steinar

The Role of International Courts and Tribunals in Global environmental Governance

Air and Space Power Journal Africa & Francophonie, Vol 7, Issue 3, 2016, pp. 67-81

# Fauchald, Ole Kristian

Hvilke krav stiller Grunnloven § 112 til lakseoppdrettsnæringen? Forholdet mellom oppdrettsnæringen og villaks ('The application of Article 112 of the Norwegian Constitution to salmon farming. The relationship between aquaculture and wild salmon') FNI Report 6/2016. Lysaker, FNI, 2016, 42 p.

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# THE FNI IN FIGURES

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Work-years	31.5	31.3	31.2	31.9	30.9	29.2	29.3	27.0	28.6
- including research work-years	25.4	25.0	25.0	25.6	25.4	23.9	24.0	21.8	22.9
Economy (million NOK)									
- Gross turnover	31.0	30.1	30.7	32.3	34.0	35.2	37.2	39.9	38.3
- Net turnover (excl. income transferred to partners)	23.7	23.8	23.3	26.9	27.9	30.1	32.3	32.9	34.0
- Result	0.3	- 1.3	- 0.2	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.7	1.6
- Capital	9.8	8.5	8.3	8.9	9.5	9.5	9.9	10.6	12.1
Scientific publications*									
- Books (monographs)	6	1	6	0	3	4	3	1	5
- Journal articles	14	17	27	12	11	18	27	24	31
- Book chapters	4	9	8	11	19	45	21	34	16
- Publication points**	49.8	31.7	71.2	24.8	41.4	71.4	70.5	62.3	81.6
Other academic publications ***									
- Books****	2	4	3	4	7	7	2	5	2
- Journal articles	1	2	4	1	3	2	2	5	4
- Book chapters	16	3	0	8	4	1	1	6	1
- FNI Reports	16	13	17	14	18	6	16	10	7
- FNI Climate Policy Perspectives reports	-	-	-	3	4	4	3	1	0
- External reports	8	3	4	2	2	4	2	5	1
Commentaries / popularized publications	21	45	21	22	30	30	31	33	31
Presentations/lectures:	144	123	152	142	120	175	122	140	100
- lecture series/courses	5	4	3	5	3	3	3	2	2
- at universities etc.	19	23	22	21	23	30	24	24	13
- at scholarly conferences	33	36	53	48	25	51	33	44	49
- for users	82	55	66	57	58	76	48	49	21
- for the public	5	5	8	11	11	15	14	21	15
Registered media coverage*****	193	246	129	100	134	173	120	141	141
FNI events*****	10	10	11	10	9	9	10	5	13

\* According to The Norwegian Association of Higher Education Institutions (UHR)'s definition of 'scientific publication', including requirements that the publication presents new insight, has a form which enables verification of results (incl. references), and is published in approved scientific publication channels (journals/book publishers) with peer review.

\*\* Publication points are calculated according to rules set by the Research Council of Norway. In 2015, these rules were revised, increasing credits for external, and in particular international, co-authorship. Using the old rules, FNI would have received 54 points in 2015 and 76 points in 2016.

\*\*\* Books, articles, book chapters and reports that, for various reasons, do not fulfil the UHR definition of "scientific publication", but which are directed towards an academic audience (as opposed to commentary articles and other popularized publications which are mainly directed towards users and the public).

\*\*\*\* Also includes edited books, new editions, translated versions and other books (or book-like publications) where FNI researchers have been heavily involved.

\*\*\*\*\* News agency articles etc. published in several different newspapers/media are here counted only as one.

\*\*\*\*\*\* Larger seminars and conferences organized by FNI (alone or in cooperation with others).

# THE NANSEN HERITAGE

Fridtjof Nansen (1861–1930) became famous for his exploration of the Arctic, but he also made major scientific contributions and worked as a diplomat. In his later years he worked extensively to help prisoners of war and refugees, and with famine relief. These activities were carried out under the auspices of the League of Nations as well as on Nansen's own initiative. For these humanitarian efforts he was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1922. Nansen was aware of the shortcomings of existing international structures and was deeply engaged in establishing international cooperation.

Fridtjof Nansen lived at Polhøgda from 1901 until his death in 1930. His grave is in the garden in front of the house.

The Fridtjof Nansen Foundation at Polhøgda was established to conduct research within the interest areas of Fridtjof Nansen and to maintain the property of Polhøgda. The Foundation conducts its research activities under the name of the Fridtjof Nansen Institute (FNI).

FNI's Statutes state that:

The Fridtjof Nansen Institute (FNI) shall engage in basic and applied research and commissioned studies, as well as in dissemination of information, consultancy and publishing related to the above. FNI research is to be conducted according to basic rules and principles for modern science. Research activities are conducted in accordance with plans approved by the Board.

It is the Foundation's obligation to keep Polhøgda, including the building as well as the grounds and Nansen's grave, in such a condition as to make it a worthy memorial to Fridtjof Nansen's name, his life and deeds, and a befitting framework for those of his belongings that are of public interest. Nansen's study in the tower is, to the extent possible, to be left as it was when he lived. The property shall not be a museum. It is to be used for the good of mankind, as a place of work, preferably in connection with interests close to Fridtjof Nansen, such as oceanography, polar studies and research of importance to international cooperation.

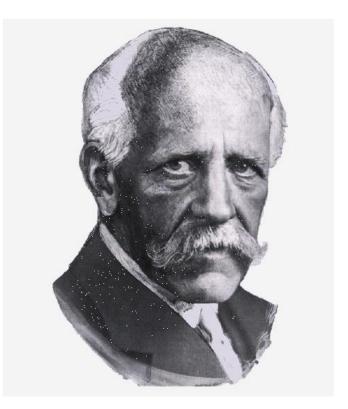




Photo: Jan Dalsgaard Sørensen

# **ABOUT THE FRIDTJOF NANSEN INSTITUTE**

The Fridtjof Nansen Institute (FNI) is an independent institution engaged in research on international environmental, energy, and resource management politics. Within this framework the institute's research is mainly grouped around seven focal points:

- Global environmental governance and law
- Climate change
- Law of the Sea and marine affairs
- Biodiversity and genetic resources
- Polar and Russian politics
- European energy and environment
- Chinese energy and environment

The main disciplines are political science and law, but FNI researchers also hold degrees in economics, history, social anthropology and development studies, and have special language and regional competence on Russia and China. FNI currently has a staff of around 40, including around 25 full-time researchers and 3-8 Master's students.

FNI's activities include academic studies, contract research, investigations and evaluations.

FNI's sources of funding include the Research Council of Norway, various Norwegian public bodies, business associations and private companies, the European Commission and international research foundations. Annual turnover is around 40 million NOK.

FNI collaborates extensively with other research institutions and individual researchers, in Norway and abroad. It strives to make its expertise available and relevant to users as well as to the public at large. FNI research is published in international scholarly journals and books. The institute also has its own report series.



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